



GEANT4
A SIMULATION TOOLKIT

Random Numbers

Geant4 PHENIICS & ANF IN2P3 Tutorial,
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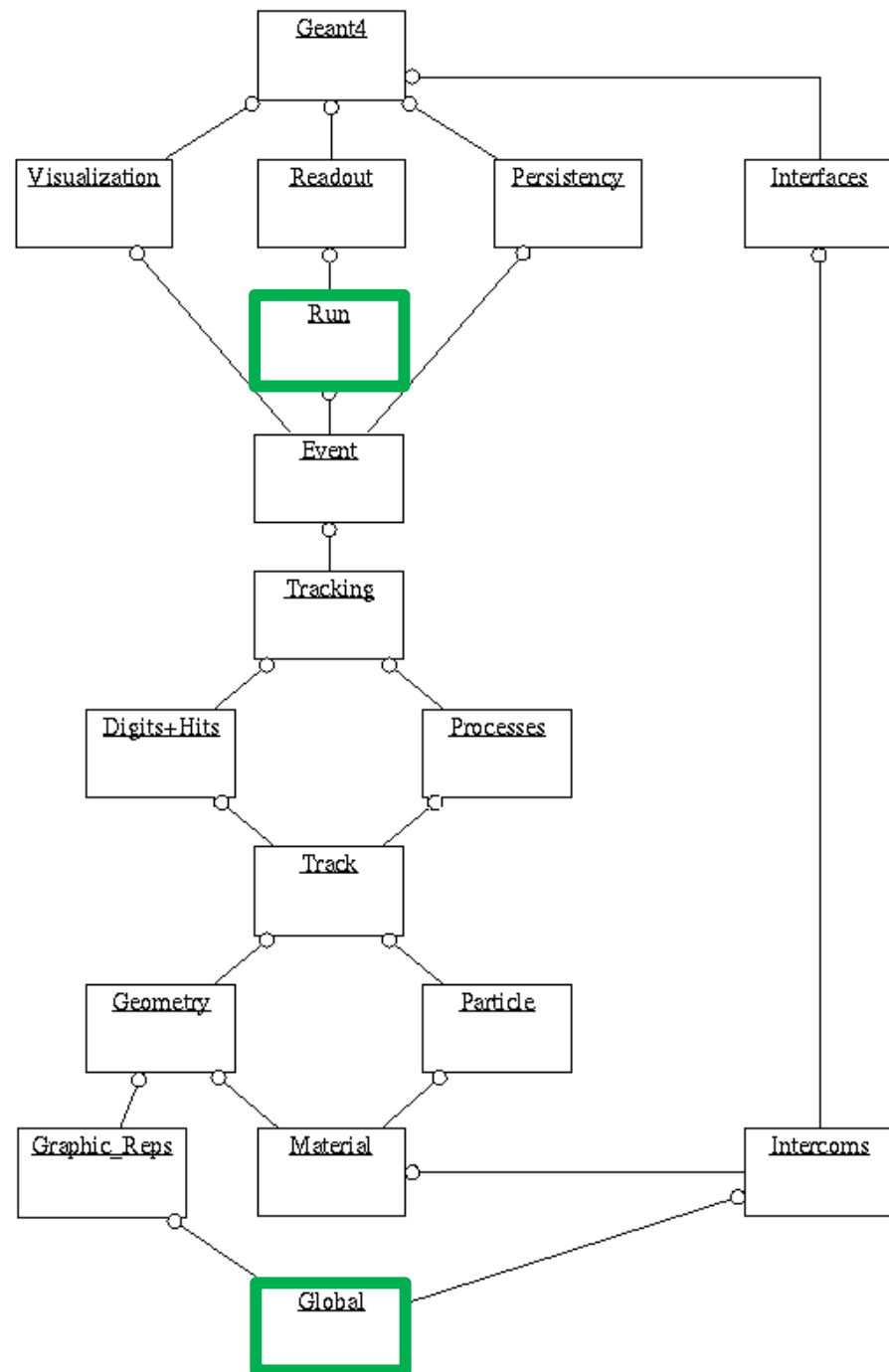
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Where will we look in the toolkit ?

Main categories and directories involved:

- Global:
 - `geant4/source/global/HEPRandom`
- Run
 - `geant4/source/run`



Introduction

- Monte Carlo simulation relies on random number generators.
 - To mimic the random nature of processes
- A random number generator is actually a “pseudo-random” generator
 - As it uses a deterministic algorithm
- Several generation techniques exist, with various quality vs. speed characteristics
- A random number generator is often called an “engine”.
- A random number generator uses a “seed” as starting point
 - A seed is an integer or a set of integers
 - And from a same seed, an engine generates always a same sequence of random numbers
- A random number generator has also a “status”:
 - Starting from a given seed, and after N numbers generation, the engine is in some state, that can be saved as a status
 - This status can be reloaded later on, and the engine will continue its generation as if it hasn’t been interrupted
- An engine generates uniform random numbers in the $]0, 1[$ range.
 - Other distributions (exponential, gaussian, ...) can be obtained from flat distribution(s) with proper transformations.
- Geant4 offers the ability to chose the engine, set the seed, save/reload the status.
 - It is explained here the interest for this and how to do.

You can almost see the seed as a “tag” of a random number series.

Why controlling the random number generator ?

- There are very common needs for controlling the engine
- **Setting the seed(s):**
 - This allows to run jobs in parallels that will be statistically independent
 - instead of running 10 000 000 events in one “/run/beamOn 10 000 000” command
 - launch 10 jobs in parallel, each having a different seed and issue for each “/run/beamOn 1 000 000”.
 - If you have 10 CPU available, you get your simulation done 10 times faster.
 - Note that with today’s computers, if you have several cores on your machine, you get a simulation speed-up just for free, running as many applications as the number of cores.
 - ***Setting up the seed is heavily used in simulation production (and is the key of this).***
- Saving the random number status
 - Particularly useful in case of crash...
 - in what case you need to investigate the cause of the crash.
 - If a crash happens after 1M events, you would wish to skip the first 999 999 events to go directly to the one that crashed, simulating the **same** event than the one that crashed.
 - Saving the random number status allow this :
 - you save the status after 999 999 events, and reload it to run the problematic event to investigate it.
 - But note that saving the status is time consuming, and is something you would not do by default.
- The choice of the engine relies on speed vs accuracy considerations
 - and is a more technical choice in principle
 - though if this is easy to change the engine by another one in practice.

Random number generators in Geant4

- Geant4 uses the HEPRandom module of CLHEP library:
 - with documentation from https://geant4.web.cern.ch/support/user_documentation → User's Guide: For Application Developers → The HEPRandom module in CLHEP
- HepRandomEngine is the abstract interface for random generators in CLHEP.
 - All engines are of type HepRandomEngine
- A static instance exists, allowing the engine to be shared by all random number consumers.

- Geant4 uses this static instance of HepRandom.
- And this static instance holds a random number engine
 - This engine can be changed with
 - `G4Random::setTheEngine(CLHEP::HepRandomEngine*);`
 - **Don't use** `CLHEP::HepRandom::setTheEngine(CLHEP::HepRandomEngine*)` ! **Not thread safe !**
 - But a default engine exists, which is

`HepJamesRandom`
 - Above default made that you did not need to care about random numbers up to now.
- (Some) other existing engines in CLHEP are:
 - `DRand48Engine`, `RandEngine`, `RanluxEngine` –which allows controlling the quality of the engine by “luxury” levels- , `RanecuEngine`
- Changing the engine is the only things that requires (by default) C++ coding.
 - All other actions to control the random number generator can be done interactively.

Controlling/piloting the random number engine interactively

- Beyond engine choice, control of the engine can be done interactively
- Commands can be obtained simply with the help menu
- `/random/setSeeds int [int [int [...]]]`
 - Set the seed(s), the number of ints, depends on the engine
- `/random/setDirectoryName [dirName]`
 - Set or create the directory in which to save the engine status
- `/random/setSavingFlag [value]`
 - Turn on(off) status change at each start of run and event
 - Status are saved in `currentRun.rndm` (for run) and `currentEvent.rndm` (event)
- `/random/saveThisRun(or saveThisEvent)`
 - copy `currentRun.rndm` to `runXXX.rndm` (or `currentEvent.rndm` to `runXXXevtYYY.rndm`)
- `/random/resetEngineFrom [fileName]`
 - Restore the engine status from the given file name
 - The directory where file is stored had to be previously set by `/random/setDirectoryName`

Controlling/piloting the random number engine with C++

- Previous interactive commands are exploiting existing C++ methods that provide the functionalities.
- Common methods used:
 - Set the seed(s):
 - `G4Random::setSeed(long seed, int);`
 - `G4Random::setSeeds(const long * seeds, int);`
 - Save the engine status into a file:
 - `G4Random::saveEngineStatus(const char filename[] = "Config.conf");`
 - Restore the engine status from a file:
 - `G4Random::restoreEngineStatus(const char filename[] = "Config.conf");`
 - Display the engine status:
 - `G4Random::showEngineStatus();`
- More can be found in [documentation](#) and in base class header file:
 - `geant4/source/externals/clhep/include/CLHEP/Random/RandomEngine.h`
- You may need some of the above methods in today's exercise.
 - Note : you may build you file names with `"std::ostringstream fileName;"` and to get the `"char *"` do `"fileName.str().c_str();"`

Summary

- In a first approach, you don't need to care about random number configuration in Geant4
 - A default configuration exists
- For more serious needs, you will likely need to
 - Set the seed(s)
 - To run multiple jobs, statistically independent
 - Chose your favorite random number engine
 - Save / restore the random number engine status
 - For example in case of a crash happening rarely and you want to investigate
- These can be done with
 - C++ coding
 - Or more simply, interactive commands
 - For setting the seed(s) and saving/restoring the random number engine state

